

Name: _____

Date: _____

Identifying Four Kinds of Sentences Worksheet

There are four kinds of sentences in the English language.

1. Imperative- gives a command (.)
2. Declarative- makes a statement (.)
3. Interrogative- asks a question (?)
4. Exclamatory- expresses strong feeling (!)

Directions: Read each sentence and add the correct punctuation mark. Then, label it; **imperative, declarative, interrogative** or **exclamatory**.

Example A: You did an excellent job

Answer: You did an excellent job. Declarative

1. How was your day in school _____
2. Do your assignments in class on time _____
3. I'm so excited I passed the test _____
4. Walking up that mountain is dangerous _____
5. Who is the most popular singer _____
6. You need to get with the program _____
7. He is the leader of the group _____
8. What is your favorite magazine _____
9. Congratulations on your achievement _____
10. That was a physical game _____
11. Can you cancel the concert _____
12. What chapter are we reading _____

Name: _____ Date: _____

Fun Singular and Plural Possessive Nouns

- A possessive noun shows ownership.
- To make a singular noun possessive, add an **apostrophe and s**.

the book of the teacher → the teacher's book

- To make a regular plural noun possessive, just add an **apostrophe**.

the books of the teachers → the teachers' books

- To make an irregular plural noun that does not end in *s* possessive, add an **apostrophe and s**.

the toys of the children → the children's toys

Write the possessive form of each noun on the line using an ('s or ').

1. the jerseys of the team the _____ jerseys
2. the stories of the elders the _____ stories
3. the game of Jonathan _____ game
4. the points of the classes the _____ points
5. the lawns of the neighbors the _____ lawns
6. the eggs of the chicken the _____ eggs

Write the possessive form of each noun in parentheses to complete each sentence.

7. The _____ pinecones were scattered across the yard.
(trees)
8. Mr. _____ car is bright yellow.
(Chu)

Name: _____

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The **simple present tense** expresses an action that is currently going on or habitually performed, or a general truth.

Choose the correct present tense to complete each sentence.

1. Kim **braids** her hair in the morning. (braided, braids)

2. The tree _____ in the wind. (will sway, sways)

3. Paul _____ off the light. (turns, turn)

4. I _____ that show. (watches, watch)

5. We _____ to the beach. (travel, traveles)

6. She always _____. (yell, yells)

7. Matt _____ me a question. (asks, asked)

8. The door _____. (closes, closing)

9. She _____ at the joke. (laughs, laughed)

10. I _____ in the haunted house. (scream, screams)

11. The air _____ fresh. (smells, smell)

12. Brian _____ off the bench. (jumps, jumped)

13. Gabriel _____ on the radio. (turned, turns)



Linking Verbs

Remember, **linking verbs** are words that **help** the action verb. Linking verbs can include forms of be, can, do, has, will, shall, may and might.

is	are	has	will
was	were	had	may
can	be	do	might
am	have	shall	

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

1. Olaf _____ go to the store alone.
2. Jennifer _____ running across the field.
3. Marsha _____ laughing at his joke.
4. Jeanine _____ like the new present.
5. The mailman _____ jump over the dog.
6. The girl _____ skinned her knee last night.
7. The boys _____ go to the movie tomorrow.
8. We _____ swimming with the fish!
9. I _____ going snorkeling tomorrow.
10. He _____ ask her tomorrow.

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Possessive Pronouns

Choose the best answer for each of the sentences below.

1. The dog wagged _____ tail to show how happy he was.
its, it's, its'
2. The book is _____ but you're welcome to read it.
mine, yours, my
3. Please return _____ phone at once!
my, mine, its
4. _____ bike is so dirty I can't tell what color it is!
your, mine, its, my
5. When the dog saw the skunk, it stopped in _____ tracks.
it's, him, its, its'
6. Your bike is a lot faster than _____.
my, it, mine, its
7. Your house is much bigger than _____ is.
theres, ours, them, they
8. I looked everywhere for my keys but I could only find _____.
your, yours, them
9. I saw her dog at _____ house.
yourself, yours, your, you're
10. I never found out _____ wallet that was.
who's, whose, who
11. _____ dog is always so friendly.
there, they're, their
12. _____ book is on my desk?
who's, whos, whose
13. My sister gets along well with _____.
you're, you, yours
14. _____ bullying of him was not acceptable.
there, them, their

Name: _____ Date: _____

Collective Nouns for Things

Collective nouns are groups of people, things, or places.

a stick of butter

Direction: Match the collective noun to the noun it goes with.

- | | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------|
| 1. a bowl of | • | • coins |
| 2. a collection of | • | • pizza |
| 3. a bold of | • | • hay |
| 4. a bouquet of | • | • rice |
| 5. a slice of | • | • lightning |
| 6. a bale of | • | • flowers |
-
- | | | |
|-----------------|---|--------------|
| 7. a chest of | • | • stairs |
| 8. a cloud of | • | • bread |
| 9. a stack of | • | • drawers |
| 10. a flight of | • | • papers |
| 11. a tube of | • | • dust |
| 12. a loaf of | • | • toothpaste |



Verbs

Action verbs are words that describe action, or what something is doing.

washed	dove	read
played	slept	solved
climbed	examined	found
hiked	sang	listened

Use an action verb from the box to complete each sentence appropriately.

1. Izabella _____ the song beautifully.
2. We _____ the mystery of the missing cookie!
3. Mike _____ the trail from the beginning to end.
4. Marcus was very tired after he _____ to the peak of the mountain.
5. The doctor _____ his patient quickly.
6. The children _____ at the playground.
7. Mom _____ my football uniform last night.
8. The girls _____ to the concert intently.
9. I _____ that book last week!
10. The dog _____ peacefully through our ruckus.

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Past, present or future tense?

Grade 1 Verbs Worksheet

Circle past, present, or future for each sentence.

An action can be in the past (Leon walked the dog yesterday), in the present (Leon walks the dog every day), or in the future (Leon will walk the dog tomorrow).

1) Max eats his vegetables every day. Past Present Future

2) The students listened to the lesson. Past Present Future

3) Dad will clean the kitchen tonight. Past Present Future

4) Emily looks happy. Past Present Future

5) Tomorrow, it will snow. Past Present Future

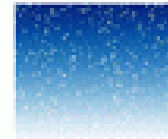
6) He climbed the stairs last night. Past Present Future

7) Most children like the new park. Past Present Future

8) You will finish this later. Past Present Future

9) Mom liked her gift. Past Present Future

10) The teacher will look at the homework. Past Present Future



Comparative adjectives

Grade 3 Adjectives Worksheet

Complete the chart.

Normal Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
slow	slower	slowest
	faster	
		quickest
	later	
sad		
		prettiest
calm		
	happier	
		cleanest
dark		

Is the underlined word a normal adjective ("N"), comparative ("C") or superlative ("S")?

- S 1. Mary is the wisest girl I know.
- _____ 2. Karl is tall for his age.
- _____ 3. James is lazier than Robert.
- _____ 4. Peanuts are cheaper than cashews.
- _____ 5. The closet is the fullest it's ever been.



Irregular verbs

Grade 3 Verbs Worksheet

Fill in the blanks with the past tense of the verb.

1. The boys (*eat*) _____ their supper without a complaint.
2. The girls (*hear*) _____ a weird noise outside their house.
3. Fanny (*throw*) _____ the ball over the fence.
4. The students (*write*) _____ their names at the top of the page.
5. Last summer, we (*swim*) _____ at the lake.
6. Johnny (*take*) _____ guitar lesson with a great teacher.
7. Your dad (*buy*) _____ a new car.
8. I (*see*) _____ you at the park last night.
9. Lila (*set*) _____ the table before supper.
10. The students (*rise*) _____ for the national anthem.
11. The children (*sing*) _____ a song together.
12. Last night, we (*go*) _____ to the market.

Some verbs form their past tense with a completely different word.
run - ran
sleep - slept



Simple and complex sentences

Grade 3 Sentences Worksheet

Write if the following sentences are simple or complex.

- Simple 1. There are six people here.
- _____ 2. You need to wear a coat once it gets cold.
- _____ 3. The grass is green though it has not rained today.
- _____ 4. The girl was very happy.
- _____ 5. The floor is wet because dad washed it earlier.
- _____ 6. Make sure you brush your teeth before you go to bed.
- _____ 7. The young boy was studying French.
- _____ 8. There was no juice left.
- _____ 9. The children played while their dad made supper.
- _____ 10. Adrianna wanted a new blanket.
- _____ 11. Adrianna wanted a new blanket for her room.
- _____ 12. Adrianna wanted a new blanket because her room was cold.

A simple sentence expresses just one thought:

The boy ran to the store.

Complex sentences add more information starting with words like *because, though, before, after, although, while, when, whenever* and *once*.

The boy ran to the store because his mom told him to.



Simple and compound sentences

Grade 3 Sentences Worksheet

Write "S" for simple sentences and "C" for compound sentences.

Emily won the game. (S)

Emily won the game, so she received a medal. (C)

- S 1. Clocks go forward in the spring.
2. They left early, so they arrived first.
3. Danny practices the guitar every day.
4. They did not brush their teeth, nor did they comb their hair.
5. This building has several elevators and stairwells.
6. We took the city bus, but it was crowded.
7. Some grocery stores are open on Sundays.
8. I did not eat any cookies, yet there are none left.
9. The ferry does not operate at night.
10. He finished his book, and he has nothing left to read.
11. The birds are singing in the trees and the bushes.
12. They do not fear ghosts, nor do they fear monsters.



Prepositional phrases

Grade 5 Prepositions Worksheet

Underline the prepositional phrases that tell **where** something is happening.
Circle the prepositions in these phrases.

Prepositional phrases can show **where** something is happening.

We watched the movie in the theater.

1. Around the garden, we often see a rabbit hopping.
2. Our teachers are hosting a meeting in the library after school.
3. Every year, we dance with my friends near the big pond.
4. My family and I enjoy walking through the woods with our dogs.
5. Did you see the cat jump over the fence?
6. She put her shoes by the back door because they were muddy.
7. Her parents eat chili at the famous restaurant.
8. The students write all of the answers in their notebooks.
9. The teacher writes the questions on the board.
10. My coach has the students practice inside the big gym at the school.
11. This singer has concerts around the world in big cities.
12. She can only buy these carrots at this grocery store in Chicago.



Using adjectives

Grade 3 Adjectives Worksheet

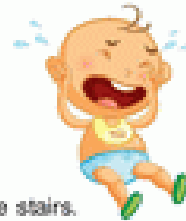
Circle the adjectives.

Word bank:

clumsy	fatigue	island	pleasant	timid
curious	heavy	koala	precious	tiny
dirty	hungry	long	eye	trouble
envy	important	mark	strong	vision

Complete the sentences using the adjectives from above.

1. The pleasant man helped the woman cross the street.
2. The _____ papers were left on the table.
3. Mark was talking with his _____ neighbour.
4. Is it true that a _____ mouse can scare an elephant?
5. Leave your _____ shoes on the mat by the door.
6. The _____ baby was crying for his bottle.
7. The _____ players scored many goals.
8. Lydia left her _____ backpack at the bottom of the stairs.
9. Teddy is so _____ and he tripped on the sidewalk.
10. Jenna placed her _____ doll carefully on her dresser.
11. The students were looking forward to the _____ summer break.
12. The _____ girl refused to sing in front of the crowd.



Irregular plural nouns

Grade 3 Nouns Worksheet

Write the singular and plural words in the correct columns.

foot	child	ox	woman	men
tooth	goose	teeth	person	cacti
oxen	die	children	man	people
dice	feet	geese	cactus	women

Hint:

You can make most nouns plural by adding "s" or "es", but irregular nouns are different!

mouse - mice

Singular	Plural
foot	feet



Identifying nouns

Grade 2 Nouns Worksheet

Circle the nouns in each sentence.

1. Hockey is my favorite sport.
2. My grandmother plays golf.
3. Your dad prefers soccer.
4. My friends like basketball.
5. There are nine players on a baseball team.
6. When you have a pool, you can swim.
7. To ski, you need skis and boots.
8. We use a boat to fish in the lake.
9. Your sister enjoys tennis a lot.
10. Hit the volleyball over the net.



Write a sentence with 2 nouns and circle them.

Grade 3 English Worksheet

NAME

DATE

SECTION

SCORE

SENTENCE COMPLETION

Complete the sentence by choosing the appropriate word from the given choices

1. Have you eaten _____ the sweets? (as all and)
2. _____ did all the work. (She He Her)
3. Did you eat a cake _____ in the park? (at in out)
4. The book is under the _____ chair. (but above black)
5. I need _____ go to school today. (to for then)
6. The cat is very _____. (all because little)
7. We played a _____ game of chess. (hard slowly hardy)
8. Put the bird in its _____. (cage house room)
9. They _____ finished eating. (are have not)
10. Ravi lost _____ shoes. (about because his)

Name: _____

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The **simple future tense** expresses an action that has not yet happened.

Choose the correct future tense to complete each sentence.

1. Our family _____ a dog. (will adopt, adopt)
2. My brother _____ at my joke. (will laugh, laughs)
3. In math today, we _____ two-digit numbers. (will add, add)
4. The mailman _____ my letter. (will deliver, delivers)
5. At the game, we _____ for my sister. (will cheer, cheer)
6. At the grocery store, Mom _____ chips and bread. (buys, will buy)
7. After swimming, I _____ off. (will dry, dry)
8. If you go outside in the winter with no shoes on, you _____ a cold.
(will catch, catch)
9. Cory _____ to music. (listens, will listen)
10. My grandparents _____ us. (will visit, visit)
11. Do you think she _____? (will jump, jumps)
12. Kevin _____ the door. (closes, will close)
13. I think I _____ a garden. (will plant, plant)

Name _____

CCSS 2.L.2.c Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.

Contractions with Not

➡ Directions: Write the correct contraction for the underlined words.

1. We cannot go outside.

2. I do not know where the ball is.

3. It is not in the basket.

4. She did not bring her homework.

5. The kids are not here today.

6. They will not like the pizza.

7. I could not hear you.

8. Jan does not want more soda.

isn't

aren't

couldn't

can't

won't

don't

doesn't

didn't



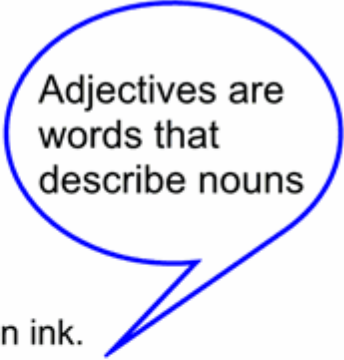
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Identifying adjectives

Grade 3 Grammar Worksheet

Circle the adjectives and underline the nouns they describe.
There may be more than one of each!

1. The large fan blew a cool breeze on us.
2. Bill rode his yellow skateboard down the steep hill.
3. We like pink lemonade better than regular lemonade.
4. The rocking chair is comfortable.
5. My dog has a plaid color with his name on it.
6. Grandpa swept the dirty porch.
7. Pasta is Abby's favorite food.
8. Skunks are black and white.
9. The car's gas tank is empty.
10. I have a pen with red, blue and green ink.
11. My mom loves how peaceful the lake is.
12. Early morning is the best time to catch fish.



Adjectives are
words that
describe nouns